

BIANNUAL SURFACE WATER AND BIOLOGICAL STREAM SAMPLING AROUND RUMPKE AND BOND ROAD LANDFILLS

April 2024



HAMILTON COUNTY
PUBLIC HEALTH

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Introduction

Hamilton County Public Health conducted biannual sampling of the surface water streams around the Rumpke Colerain Sanitary Landfill on June 6 and November 16, 2023. Additionally, biannual sampling of Bond Road Sanitary Landfill was conducted on June 14 and November 29, 2023.

Sampling Locations

Rumpke Colerain Sanitary Landfill, located in Colerain Township, Hamilton County, Ohio, is situated at the northeast intersection of US-27 and Struble Road. The limits of waste exists within the facility's boundary, which is bordered by Struble Road to the south, US-27 to the west, Bank Road to the north/northwest, Crest and Buell Road to the northeast/east and Breezy Acres Drive to the southeast.

Three sedimentation ponds are located on the site, identified as the NW Pond, SE Pond and North Pond. The North Pond was constructed in 2022 due to the eastern expansion and is not yet fully functional. The sedimentation ponds collect rainwater run-off from the landfill and settle out the suspended solids/silt prior to discharging into the adjacent streams and creeks.

Generally, two watersheds surround the landfill: the western watershed and the eastern watershed. The NW Pond discharges into the western watershed, while the SE Pond discharges into the eastern watershed. Once fully operational, the North Pond will also discharge into the western watershed.

The sampling locations around the landfill consists of the NW Pond and SE Pond outfalls, and their respective upstream and downstream locations (Figure 1).

Western Watershed Sampling Locations:

NW Pond

The discharge/outfall location for the sedimentation pond located on the west/northwest portion of the landfill. The pond discharges into the western watershed surrounding the landfill where Banklick creek borders the landfill and flows north/northeasterly along Bank Road.

S-1 Located downstream from the NW Pond and S-2 at the northern end of the landfill in Banklick creek along Bank Road. This is generally a creek with a series of riffles and pools. The bottom is silty in the pool areas and rocky in the riffle areas.

S-2 Located downstream from the NW Pond outfall and at the western edge of the landfill, upstream from S-1, in Banklick creek along Bank Road. The sampling location is west of the overpass below the culvert in a small, shallow pool. The bottom is silty in the pool areas and rocky to solid bedrock in the shallow riffle areas.

- S-3 Located upstream, above the NW Pond outfall, in an unnamed stream west of Banklick creek. The sampling location is a series of very small, shallow pools and riffles. The bottom is solid rock to rocky with some silt.
- S-11 Located upstream, above the NW Pond outfall, in a stream west/southwest of the landfill, across US-27. The stream consists of very small shallow pools. The sampling location was added in 2014 as an additional upstream location.
- S-13 The furthest downstream location from the NW Pond outfall in Banklick creek along Bank Road. The sample location was added in 2022 due to the eastern expansion of the landfill and newly constructed North Pond. The 2022 sampling results will provide background analytical data for comparison purposes as the landfill expands and the North Pond outfall becomes fully operational. The sample location consists of ponding pools and rocky bottom.

Headwall Seep

Located upstream from the NW Pond outfall and downstream from S-11 where the stream west/southwest of the landfill emerges from an underground culvert at an existing headwall. The seep was identified coming from the weep holes at base of the headwall while Hamilton County Public Health was investigating a potential source of elevated concentrations in 2021. The seep was clear, but areas of discoloration were noted on the headwall where it had been continuously flowing; the seep also smelled of sulfur.

Eastern Watershed Sampling Locations:

SE Pond

The discharge/outfall location for the sedimentation pond located on the southeast portion of the landfill. The pond discharges into the eastern watershed surrounding the landfill in an unnamed stream east of the landfill, across Hughes Road.

- S-9 Located upstream, above the SE Pond outfall, and east of the landfill in an unnamed stream east of Hughes Road and west of Buell Road. The sample location consists of a series of very small, shallow pools with a rocky bottom. The sample location was added in 2008 due to the southern expansion of the landfill. The sample location was removed during the October 2022 sampling event due to the eastern expansion of the landfill.
- S-10 Located downstream from the SE Pond outfall, in an unnamed stream east of the landfill. The sample location consists of a series of small, shallow pools with a rocky bottom. The sample location was added in 2008 due to the southern expansion of the landfill.
- S-12 The furthest downstream location from the SE Pond outfall, located at the northern end of the landfill, in an unnamed stream that flows along Buell Road to Crest Road and eventually into Banklick Creek. The sample location was added in 2019

due to the eastern expansion of the landfill and consists of ponding pools and rocky bottom.

Bond Road Sanitary Landfill, located in Whitewater Township, is situated in western Hamilton County, Ohio. The landfill borders the State of Indiana to the west and Bond Road to the north. In 2021, Rumpke purchased 466 acres of land south of the existing landfill for purposes of future development and improvements, extending the southern landfill border to Sand Run Road. Improvements to the site will include the relocation of the facility entrance to Sand Run Road, accompanied by an access road to the existing limits of waste placement. Sampling locations around the Bond Road Sanitary Landfill consists of the following five sites (Figure 2):

- B-1 Located at the east end of the sedimentation pond which discharges to a tributary to Fox Run.
- B-3 Located south of the landfill in an unnamed tributary to Fox Run where most water is generated from storm swales. The sample location was added in 2022 due to proposed developments and improvements at the facility. The 2022 sampling results will provide background analytical data for comparison purposes as the landfill develops.
- B-4 Located on the southeast end of the property in Fox Run. The sample location was added in 2022 due to proposed developments and improvements at the facility. The 2022 sampling results will provide background analytical data for comparison purposes as the landfill develops.
- B-5 Located near the landfill entrance along Sand Run Road. The sample location was added in 2022 due to proposed developments and improvements at the facility. The 2022 sampling results will provide background analytical data for comparison purposes as the landfill develops.

Methods

Surface water sampling was conducted in the Spring and Fall by obtaining grab samples in streams around each of the landfills where possible. Generally, Spring sampling is more influenced by precipitation and Fall sampling is more influenced by groundwater. Efforts are made to collect the samples during low flow times where groundwater contributions are considered to be greater. This monitoring was performed to serve as an indicator of water quality above and below each landfill.

Samples were collected in polyethylene wide-mouth jars ranging in size from 250 mL to 500 mL and two set of hypovials for sampling volatile organic compounds. Depending on the sampling parameter, samples were either unpreserved or preserved with hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, or sodium hydroxide (as required). All samples were placed in a cooler on ice. Samples were analyzed by Eurofins Environmental Testing. Chain-of-custody protocols were followed. Water temperature was recorded using a Taylor thermometer near the sampling location.

Biological water samples were collected at each of the sampling locations. Biological samples were collected using an aquatic kick net with 1000-micron mesh. A kick technique was used to loosen organisms from riffle areas of the streams and then the area was swept with the net. Hand picking of organisms off the rock surfaces was also employed at the sample locations.

Results and Discussion

Water Quality Monitoring

Rumpke Sanitary Landfill

The surface water sampling results from the 2023 sample events are presented in Table 1, and include sampling results dating back to 2010.

Western watershed:

The western watershed surrounding the landfill consists of upstream sample locations S-3 and S-11, the NW Pond outfall, and downstream sample locations S-1, S-2 and S-13. S-13 was added in 2022, and is located downstream of the newly installed North Pond. During the June 2023 sampling event, the NW Pond outfall was not flowing and could not be sampled.

Sampling results comparing the NW Pond outfall with upstream sample locations (S-3 & S-11) and downstream sample locations (S-1, S-2 & S-13) are illustrated on Figures 3 & 4 and narrated below:

- Chloride was detected above the secondary maximum contaminant level (SMCL) of 250 mg/l in upstream sample location S-11 (301 mg/l) during the November sampling event. Chloride was not detected above the SCML in upstream sample S-3 during 2023 or the NW Pond in November 2023 when it was able to be sampled.
 - Chloride was detected above the SCML in all downstream sample locations (S-1, S-2 & S-13) during the 2023 sampling events.
- Sulfate was detected above the SMCL of 250 mg/l in upstream sample S-11 (271 mg/L) during the June sampling event (282 mg/L) as well as the November sampling event (250 mg/L). Sulfate was not detected above the SCML in upstream sample S-3 during 2023 or the NW Pond in November 2023 when it was sampled.
 - Similarly to chloride, sulfate was detected above the SCML in all downstream sample locations (S-1, S-2 & S-13) during the 2023 sampling events.
- All sample locations were above the SMCL of 500 mg/L for total dissolved solids (TDS) during the 2023 sampling events, including the NW Pond in November 2023.
- In June 2023, iron was detected above the SMCL of 0.3 mg/l in upstream sample locations S-11 (0.381 mg/L) and S-3 (0.412 mg/L), but below the SMCL during the

November 2023 sampling event. Iron was not detected above the SMCL in the NW Pond in November 2023.

- Iron was detected above the SMCL in downstream sample location S-1 in June 2023 (0.349 mg/L) and November 2023 (0.353 mg/L). All other downstream locations were below the SMCL for iron in 2023.
- Manganese was detected above the SMCL of 0.05 mg/l in upstream sample locations S-3 in June 2023 (0.0681 mg/L) and S-11 in November 2023 (0.152 mg/L).
 - Manganese was detected above the SMCL in downstream samples S-1 and S-13 during both 2023 sampling events. Downstream sample location S-2 was below the SMCL for manganese during both 2023 sampling events.
- Ammonia was detected above the 0.20 mg/l laboratory limits in downstream sample location S-13 (0.212 mg/l) during the November 2023 sampling event. Less than 1.0 mg/L ammonia is considered usual for natural waters.
- Comparing sampling analytical results with years' past, concentrations of TDS, chloride and sulfate at the downstream samples S-1, S-2 and S-13 continue to be elevated as they were during the 2021 and 2022 sampling events. The higher concentrations of the analytes in the downstream samples in June 2023 compared to November 2023 is likely the result of the NW Pond outfall not being open, diluting the waters during sample collection.

In 2021, in determining a potential source of the elevated concentrations, Hamilton County Public Health surveyed areas upstream from S-2 to an existing headwall where the stream continues along the western landfill through an underground culvert. At the base of the headwall, a seep was identified coming from the weep holes installed to keep moisture from accumulating behind it. The seep was clear, but areas of discoloration were noted where it had been continuously flowing; the seep also smelled of sulfur.

The headwall seep was sampled during the 2022 and 2023 sampling events, and the results identified similarly increased concentrations of TDS, chloride and sulfate compared to downstream sample locations S-1, S-2, and S-13.

Hamilton County Public Health will continue to communicate with the Ohio EPA and Rumpke to further evaluate the headwall seep and determine its origin, whether it be groundwater, surface water or possibly landfill derived. The Ohio EPA, Hamilton County Public Health, and third-party consultants have determined that the headwall seep is not an imminent threat to public health or the environment as further sampling and investigation continues.

Eastern watershed:

The eastern watershed surrounding the landfill consists of the SE Pond discharge point, and downstream sample locations S-10 and S-12. Sample location S-9 could no longer be an effective upstream sample location during the October 2022 sampling event due to the eastern expansion of the landfill. The SE Pond outfall was flowing during both

sampling events and sampled. Sampling results comparing the SE Pond and downstream sample locations (S-10 & S-12) are illustrated on Figures 5 & 6 and narrated below:

- Chloride was detected below the secondary maximum contaminant level (SMCL) of 250 mg/l in the SE Pond outfall sample during both 2023 sampling events.
 - Chloride was detected above the SMCL for chloride in downstream sample locations S-10 and S-12 in June 2023 (944 mg/L & 299 mg/L, respectively) and below the SMCL in November 2023.
- Sulfate was detected below the secondary maximum contaminant level (SMCL) of 250 mg/l in the SE Pond outfall sample in June and November 2023.
 - Sulfate was detected above the SMCL for sulfate in downstream sample location S-10 (616 mg/L) in June 2023 and below the SMCL in November 2023. Downstream sample location S-12 was below the SMCL in June and November 2023.
- Total dissolved solids (TDS) was above the SMCL of 500 mg/L in the SE Pond outfall sample in June 2023 (616 mg/L) and below the SMCL in November 2023.
 - Downstream sample locations S-10 and S-12 were above the SMCL for TDS during both 2023 sampling events.
- Iron was detected below the secondary maximum contaminant level (SMCL) of 0.3 mg/l in the SE Pond outfall sample in June and November 2023.
 - Downstream sample locations S-10 and S-12 were above the SMCL of 0.3 mg/L for iron during both 2023 sampling events.
- Manganese was detected above the SMCL of 0.05 mg/l in all sample locations during both 2023 sampling events.
- In June 2023, ammonia was detected above the 0.2 mg/l laboratory limits in the SE Pond outfall sample (0.271 mg/L) and downstream sample S-10 (0.226 mg/L). Less than 1.0 mg/L ammonia is considered usual for natural waters.
- No other parameters were above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level.

Bond Road Landfill

Surface water sampling at the Bond Road Landfill was conducted at the B-1 location for both sample periods (Table 2). No parameters were above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level in sample location B-1 during the 2023 sampling events.

Additionally, surface water sampling was conducted at newly established sample locations B-3, B-4 and B-5 and will provide background analytical data for comparison purposes as the landfill develops. Sample location B-3 was dry in June and November 2023 and could not be sampled.

Biological Monitoring

Biological organisms can provide an indication of water quality based on their typical habitat requirements. For example, organisms such as isopods (sowbugs) inhabit relatively unpolluted shallows. Amphipods (sideswimmers), plecopterans (stoneflies), ephemeropterans (mayflies), some odonatans (dragonflies and damselflies), trichopterans (caddisflies), and turbellarians (flatworms) need an abundance of dissolved oxygen (DO) to survive and are indicative of good stream quality. Hemipterans (water boatman bugs) and some gastropods (pouch snails) are semi-tolerant to low DO. Dipterans (flies, mosquitos, and midges) are able to live in low DO environments and are much more tolerant of pollution. Some of these organisms can live in only low current streams; in unpolluted clear waters; occur in debris (masses of leaves and algae); occur under stones; occur in vegetation; occur in mud; found in decaying vegetation; or occur only in ponds. These ecological characteristics can provide an indication of a clean versus a polluted environment. Some organisms have specific physical features such as respiratory tubes (Dipteran larva), which enable those organisms to survive in low DO environments or in highly polluted waters.

Table 3 presents the results of biological monitoring around each licensed landfill over both sampling periods. Data is also presented from the 2010 through 2023 monitoring events for comparison.

Rumpke Sanitary Landfill

The Rumpke landfill streams were biologically monitored two times in 2023. In June, the day was cloudy with a temperature around 73° F. In November, the day was partly to mostly cloudy with a temperature around 56° F.

Western watershed:

Because the NW Pond outfall was closed during the June sampling event, downstream sample locations (S-1, S-2, and S-13) along Banklick creek were very slow with small pools of water. And slow to moderate with larger pools of water in November 2023 when the NW Pond outfall was open and flowing.

Upstream Sample Locations

- A salamander and sow bugs were among the organisms observed in June at upstream sample location S-3. Water pennies, sowbugs and a scud were observed in November.
- Six types of organisms were observed in June at upstream sample location S-11, including caddisfly and sowbugs. A salamander, water pennies and sow bugs were among the organisms observed in November.

Downstream Sample Locations

- While sow bugs were predominantly observed among the organisms in downstream sample location S-1 in June and November, water pennies and caddisflies were also identified in November.
- Water pennies, caddisflies and sow bugs were observed during the June and November sampling events at downstream sample location S-2.
- Sample location S-13 was added in 2022 to provide a downstream sample location to the newly constructed North Pond. The location is also downstream from sample locations S-1 & S-2. Similarly, water pennies, caddisflies and sow bugs were all observed during the June and November 2023 sampling events. Damselflies were also observed during both dates.

Eastern watershed:

During both 2023 sampling events, the SE Pond outfall was open and flowing. Stream flow in downstream sample locations, S-10 and S-12, was slow to moderate, with larger pools of water.

Upstream Sample Location

- The upstream sample location was omitted in 2022 to advancement of the eastern expansion of the landfill.

Downstream Sample Locations

- Five types of organisms were observed in both in June at downstream sample location S-10, predominantly sow bugs (greater than 100) and caddisflies. Six types of organisms were observed in November, including water pennies, caddisflies and sowbugs.
- Caddisflies, sowbugs, crayfish and minnows were among the seven organisms identified in June at downstream sample location S-12. In November, a water penny, caddisflies, sow bugs, a frog and fingernail clam were identified.

Bond Road Landfill

The Bond Road landfill sedimentation pond and nearby streams were biologically monitored two times in 2023. In June, the day was mostly cloudy with a temperature around 69° F. In November, the day was cloudy with a temperature around 40° F.

Samples are typically taken at the southeast corner of the sedimentation pond and in the dissipater box below the pond (identified as sample location B-1). Because the pond outfall had been closed prior to sampling and bank sampling access is limited, minimal organisms were observed in 2023. Pouch snails were noted in June and November, while sowbugs were also observed in November.

Biological sampling was also conducted at newly established sample locations B-3, B-4 and B-5 to provide background data as the landfill develops. Sample location B-3 was dry during both 2023 sampling events.

Conclusions

The results of the water quality and biological monitoring conducted in 2023 at Rumpke Sanitary Landfill and Bond Road Landfill are consistent with past sampling periods. The continued presence of certain key organisms in the downstream sample locations indicate an unpolluted environment, although stream conditions and seasons seem to primarily affect the number and types of organisms sampled.

Hamilton County Public Health will continue to communicate with the Ohio EPA and Rumpke to further evaluate the headwall seep. The Ohio EPA, Hamilton County Public Health, and third-party consultants have determined that the headwall seep is not an imminent threat to public health or the environment as further sampling and investigation continues.

Figure 1
Rumpke Sanitary Landfill



Stream Sampling Locations

Figure 2

Bond Road Landfill



Sampling Locations

Figure 3

Comparison of Western Watershed Sampling Locations June 6, 2023



➡ Surface water flow direction
Red indicates above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level

Upstream Sample Locations

<p><u>S-11</u> Chloride: 172 mg/L Sulfate: 282 mg/L TDS: 950 mg/L Iron: 0.381 mg/L Manganese: 0.0213 mg/L Ammonia: Non-detect</p>	<p><u>S-3</u> Chloride: 218 mg/L Sulfate: 88.4 mg/L TDS: 826 mg/L Iron: 0.412 mg/L Manganese: 0.0681 mg/L Ammonia: Non-detect</p>
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Downstream Sample Locations

<p><u>S-2</u> Chloride: 1,919 mg/L Sulfate: 1,030 mg/L TDS: 4,630 mg/L Iron: Non-detect Manganese: Non-detect Ammonia: Non-detect</p>	<p><u>S-1</u> Chloride: 1,430 mg/L Sulfate: 769 mg/L TDS: 3,580 mg/L Iron: 0.349 mg/L Manganese: 0.249 mg/L Ammonia: Non-detect</p>	<p><u>S-13</u> Chloride: 1,280 mg/L Sulfate: 729 mg/L TDS: 3,180 mg/L Iron: 0.132 mg/L Manganese: 0.29 mg/L Ammonia: Non-detect</p>
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Figure 4

Comparison of Western Watershed Sampling Locations November 16, 2023



NW Pond
 Chloride: 101 mg/L
 Sulfate: 227 mg/L
 TDS: 535 mg/L
 Iron: 0.211 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.0142 mg/L
 Ammonia: Non-detect

Headwall Seep
 Chloride: 2,790 mg/L
 Sulfate: 888 mg/L
 TDS: 5,700 mg/L
 Iron: 0.281 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.732 mg/L
 Ammonia: 4.04 mg/L

➡ Surface water flow direction
 Red indicates above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level

Upstream Sample Locations

S-11
 Chloride: 301 mg/L
 Sulfate: 259 mg/L
 TDS: 956 mg/L
 Iron: 0.114 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.152 mg/L
 Ammonia: Non-detect

S-3
 Chloride: 206 mg/L
 Sulfate: 137 mg/L
 TDS: 813 mg/L
 Iron: 0.143 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.0404 mg/L
 Ammonia: Non-detect

Downstream Sample Locations

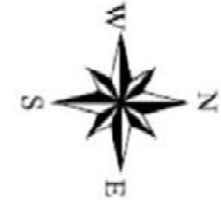
S-2
 Chloride: 708 mg/L
 Sulfate: 506 mg/L
 TDS: 1,770 mg/L
 Iron: 0.129 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.0161 mg/L
 Ammonia: Non-detect


S-1
 Chloride: 723 mg/L
 Sulfate: 513 mg/L
 TDS: 1,680 mg/L
 Iron: 0.353 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.253 mg/L
 Ammonia: Non-detect

S-13
 Chloride: 753 mg/L
 Sulfate: 494 mg/L
 TDS: 1,740 mg/L
 Iron: 0.264 mg/L
 Manganese: 0.389 mg/L
 Ammonia: 0.212 mg/L

Figure 5

Comparison of Eastern Watershed Sampling Locations
June 6, 2023



 Surface water flow direction
 Red indicates above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level

Upstream Sample Locations

S-9
No longer able to sample due to the construction of Eastern Expansion of landfill.

Outfall Location

SE Pond
Chloride: 149 mg/L
Sulfate: 178 mg/L
TDS: 616 mg/L
Iron: 0.165 mg/L
Manganese: 0.0859 mg/L
Ammonia: 0.271 mg/L

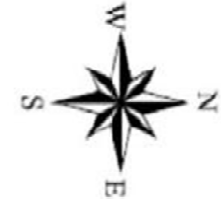
Downstream Sample Locations


S-10
Chloride: 944 mg/L
Sulfate: 594 mg/L
TDS: 2,350 mg/L
Iron: 0.399 mg/L
Manganese: 0.306 mg/L
Ammonia: 0.226 mg/L

S-12
Chloride: 299 mg/L
Sulfate: 184 mg/L
TDS: 890 mg/L
Iron: 0.871 mg/L
Manganese: 0.112 mg/L
Ammonia: Non-detect

Figure 6

Comparison of Eastern Watershed Sampling Locations November 16, 2023



 Surface water flow direction
 Red indicates above the MCL/SMCL/Action Level

Upstream Sample Locations

S-9
No longer able to sample due to the construction of Eastern Expansion of landfill.

Outfall Location

SE Pond
Chloride: 93.6 mg/L
Sulfate: 136 mg/L
TDS: 490 mg/L
Iron: 6.35 mg/L
Manganese: **0.191 mg/L**
Ammonia: Non-detect

Downstream Sample Locations

S-10
Chloride: 119 mg/L
Sulfate: 152 mg/L
TDS: **544 mg/L**
Iron: **1.13 mg/L**
Manganese: **0.0884 mg/L**
Ammonia: Non-detect

S-12
Chloride: 121 mg/L
Sulfate: 147 mg/L
TDS: **535 mg/L**
Iron: **0.447 mg/L**
Manganese: **0.0923 mg/L**
Ammonia: Non-detect

**Table 3. BIOLOGICAL STREAM SAMPLING
RUMPKE SANITARY LANDFILL (Location S-9)**

Location S-9	GROUP 1 (Higher Quality)											GROUP 2 (Moderate Quality)											GROUP 3 (Lower Quality)											Non-indicative																		
	Micropterus	Notropis	Etheostoma	Amphibia	Gastropoda	Gastropoda	Coleoptera	Coleoptera	Coleoptera	Trichoptera	Ephemeroptera	Plecoptera	Plecoptera	Chelydrida	Dorosoma	Pimephales	Amphibia	Amphibia	Pelecypoda	Pelecypoda	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Hemiptera	Odonata	Odonata	Odonata	Odonata	Isopoda	Amphipoda	Decapoda	Turbellaria	Nematoda	Annelida	Annelida	Gastropoda	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera			
	Bass	Shiner	Darter	Plethodontinae (Salamander)	Lymnea (Snail)	Planorbidae (Snail)	Dytiscidae (Crawling Water Beetle)	Hydrophilidae (Beetle Larva)	Psephenidae (Water Penny)	Elmidae (Adult Riffle)	Caddis Fly	Mayfly	Stonely Nymph	Stonely Adult	Snapping Turtle	Gizzard Shad	Minnow	Ranidae (Frogs)	Tadpoles	Fingernail Clam	Other Clams	Crane Fly Pupae	Crane Fly Adult	Ptychopteridae (Phantom Crane Fly)	Sialidae (Alderfly)	Dragonfly Nymph	Dragonfly Adult	Damselfly Nymph	Damselfly Adult	Sow Bug	Scud	Crayfish	Flat Worm	Round Worm	Oligochaeta (Aquatic Worm)	Hirudinea (Leech)	Physa (Pouch Snail)	Simuliidae (Blackfly)	Tendipedidae Tendipes (Midge)	Tendipedidae Psychoda (Northfly)	Culex (Mosquito Larva)	Culex (Mosquito)	Tabanidae (Horsefly Larva)	Tabanidae (Horsefly)	Tubifera (Rat-Tailed Maggot)	Unknown Larva	Geerridae (Water Strider)	Notonectidae (Back Swimmer)	Corixidae (Water Boatman)	Belostomatidae (Giant Water Bug)		
6/7/2010				7	1												*											5			20															1						
10/14/2010	Not Sampled																																																			
# 10/14/10	Not Sampled																																																			
6/28/2011				3					1	2									1									2	7																		50+					
10/25/2011																			1									50+		22																			20			
# 10/25/11																																																				
6/7/2012				2				2										1										10		3																						
10/25/2012																												100+		6																						
6/12/2013				3					1	25	5																25	2																						1		
10/8/2013								1*												1*							100+	2*	1*	5	1*			1*																1*		
5/21/2014										1*																	100+		1*						1*																	
10/27/2014															1*												15+	1*																						50		
6/3/2015							25																				*	>100	5	10																				50		
10/6/2015																	*										>100		>100						12									*					20			
5/25/2016				1				10																			20		10																							
11/7/2016								5																			23		10																							
6/1/2017				1	1				1	6																	30																									
9/9/2017								13																			11	*	3																							
6/4/2018				5				13																			8	2	15																							
10/30/2018								45																			35		8																							
5/22/2019								3	3													1					100+	1	2																							
11/6/2019								52																			13		1																							
5/27/2020								4	1	2	25																5		1																							
10/27/2020								18																			60		85																							
5/26/2021				1				9																			77	4	5																							
10/21/2021				5				45																			18		4																							
5/17/2022				4				2	39	2																	>60	1	57																							
10/25/2022	Not Sampled (No Longer consured an upstream sample locatin due to eastern expansion)																																																			

Table 3. BIOLOGICAL STREAM SAMPLING
BOND ROAD LANDFILL (Location 2)

	GROUP 1 (Higher Quality)										GROUP 2 (Moderate Quality)										GROUP 3 (Lower Quality)										Non-indicative																					
	Micropterus	Notropis	Etheostoma	Amphibia	Gastropoda	Coleoptera	Coleoptera	Coleoptera	Coleoptera	Trichoptera	Ephemeroptera	Plecoptera	Plecoptera	Chelydra	Dorosoma	Pimephales	Amphibia	Amphibia	Pelecypoda	Pelecypoda	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Hemiptera	Odonata	Odonata	Odonata	Odonata	Isopoda	Amphipoda	Decapoda	Turbellaria	Nematoda	Annelida	Annelida	Gastropoda	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Diptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera	Hemiptera				
	Bass	Shiner	Darter	Plethodontinae (Salamander)	Lymnaea (Snail)	Planorbidae (Snail)	Dytiscidae (Crawling Water Beetle)	Hydrophilidae (Beetle Larva)	Psephenidae (Water Penny)	Elmidae (Adult Riffle)	Caddis Fly	Mayfly	Stonely Nymph	Stonely Adult	Snapping Turtle	Gizzard Shad	Minnow	Ranidae (Frogs)	Tadpoles	Fingernail Clam	Other Clams	Crane Fly Pupae	Crane Fly Adult	Ptychopteridae (Phantom Crane Fly)	Sialidae (Alderfly)	Dragonfly Nymph	Dragonfly Adult	Damselfly Nymph	Damselfly Adult	Sow Bug	Scud	Crayfish	Fiat Worm	Round Worm	Oligochaeta (Aquatic Worm)	Hirudinea (Leech)	Physa (Pouch Snail)	Simuliidae (Blackfly)	Tendipedidae (Midge)	Tendipedidae Psychoda (Nobitfly)	Culex (Mosquito Larva)	Culex (Mosquito)	Tabanidae (Horsefly Larva)	Tabanidae (Horsefly)	Tubifera (Rat-tailed Maggot)	Gerridae (Water Strider)	Nofonectidae (Back Swimmer)	Corixidae (Water Boatman)	Belostomatidae (Giant Water Bug)			
Location 2																																																				
5/26/2010	Not Sampled																																																			
10/13/2010	Not Sampled																																																			
6/15/2011	Not Sampled																																																			
10/18/2011	Not Sampled																																																			
6/18/2012	Not Sampled																																																			
10/24/2012	Not Sampled																																																			
8/8/2013	Not Sampled																																																			
11/21/2013	Not Sampled																																																			
5/28/2014	Not Sampled																																																			
10/28/2014	Not Sampled																																																			
6/3/2015	Not Sampled																																																			
10/6/2015	Not Sampled																																																			
6/28/2016	Not Sampled																																																			
12/7/2016	Not Sampled																																																			
6/30/2017	Not Sampled																																																			
12/20/2017	Not Sampled																																																			
6/28/2018	Not Sampled																																																			
12/12/2018	Not Sampled																																																			
6/28/2019	Not Sampled																																																			
11/14/2019	Not Sampled																																																			
6/16/2020	Not Sampled																																																			
11/19/2020	Not Sampled																																																			
6/4/2021	Not Sampled																																																			
11/18/2021	Not Sampled																																																			
6/6/2022	Not Sampled																																																			
10/24/2022	Not Sampled																																																			
6/14/2023	Not Sampled																																																			
11/29/2023	Not Sampled																																																			

* - Observed while sampling
- Sampled with Hester Dendy
^ - All Dead

